ART THEFT AND FORGERY INVESTIGATION

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For Gail Confirmatio, fides, et amor.

PREFACE

"B oston Bandits Bag Vermeer, 3 Rembrandts." "Manor House Burgled in Sussex." B'Picasso Snatched Off Gallery Wall." Thirty years ago, we rarely saw headlines like these. Now they are common.

These news reports represent a crime epidemic of about three decades duration. Therefore—so I thought—there should be a book instructing professional criminal investigators about art crime. To my surprise, I could not find one, and so I wrote this manual.

Half a century ago, writing a book about art crime would have been like writing one about cattle rustling. For, of course, different reasons, neither was a serious social or economic problem at that time in history. With respect to art crime, that situation has changed.

Art and collectible theft are now at least among the top 10 in types of property stolen. This does not even consider the problem of fraud and forgery, which are more difficult to quantify but are generally considered to involve a much greater monetary value than robbery and burglary put together.

To make matters worse, over a million Boston area school children and college students have, since 1990, been required to travel a great distance if they want to see a Vermeer painting. Boston's stolen Vermeer is in this way symbolic of a condition that has infected societies and cultural-educational environments all over the world.

If we accept the proposition that art crime has become a significant problem today, the basic question about why this manual is needed or even helpful is still not answered. In other words, can an investigator with experience with thefts and frauds investigate an art theft or art fraud just as well?

The differences between various types of thefts and fraud investigations depend on the type of victim and the type of tangible or intangible property involved. Banks, warehouses, automobiles, and negotiable instruments are all different types of victims and property. Theft or fraud involving them requires different investigative approaches for a reasonable chance of success. Criminal investigators have known this for a long time.

Then, it follows, that we criminal investigators should take some kind of different approach to art and rare collectible theft and fraud, which involves museums, art galleries, collectors, and a broad range of collectibles themselves. These are unique victim and property types about which most of us know little. This manual will, I hope, help change that and make you aware of investigative methods that will significantly improve your rate of success in the art crime field. Almost all of the knights of modern society have been trying to slay art crime dragons of growing strength, power, and numbers with weapons unsuited to the task. I hope this book will contribute to the goal of arming criminal investigators with tools and weapons that are suitable and effective against art theft and forgery.

I have tried to put everything I have learned in over 25 years into this manual, because, due to the nature of criminal investigation, I know that it will still not be enough on many occasions. On the other hand, I believe that most of your questions about art crime will be answered. I also believe that the tips, techniques, and ideas set forth in this manual will help diminish the level of frustration experienced by criminal investigators required to handle the growing number and magnitude of art crimes.

The structure of this manual is simple: The first part both guides the reader in the use of it and describes the art world environment. The second part deals with your interaction with the victim, the third with the offender, and the fourth with specialized art crime solution techniques. A glossary and bibliography, both fiction and nonfiction, are also included.

Homicide investigators around the world have had their own professional specialty for years. A similar specialty needs to develop for art crime.

R.E.S.

WITH GRATITUDE

If this piece of work could be judged by the quality of the people listed below, instead of by my far from perfect efforts, there could be no doubt as to the superlative level of approval it would universally enjoy. To not acknowledge these special people would be an odious act of subterfuge, because you simply would not be holding this manual in your hands without their collective encouragement, support, guidance, assistance, caring, patience, incubational and direct inspiration, insight, friendship, and plain old fashioned hard work.

That is what they did. This is who they are: John Bonk, Bruce Borland, Park Brown, Margot Dennedy, Jerry Dillon, Josette Faingold, Josh Farlow, Chris Fikaris, the late Don Fisher, Sam Goodyear, Jack Heinz, Charles Hill, Butch Hubbard, Kevin Illia, the late Fred Inbau, Steve Keller, The Lake Forest Public Library Staff, Don Mason, Tom McShane, Harriet Milstein, Maurice Pickard, Chuck Richmond, Bob Rutledge, Jay Saffarzadeh, Francine Sanders, Judy Saner, Jon Sazonoff, Chuck Sennewald, Andy Spiel, Gail Spiel, Jenny Spiel, the late Marie Spiel, Mike Thomas, Jim Thompson, Bob Volpe, Jon Waltz, Tricia Worthan, Mike Wynne, and last, but very, very far from least, Camille Ziccardi.

CARTOONS AND GRAPHICS

The cartoons in this manual are provided by the imagination and skill of Sam Goodyear, and the graphic designs are a result of the talents of Chris Fikaris and Tricia Worthan.

CONTENTS

	Page
Preface	vii
List of Figures	XV

Chapter

PART I: USER'S GUIDE AND ART WORLD RECONNAISSANCE

1. USER'S GUIDE	 		5
Experienced Investigators and Advanced Students	 		5
For Study of For Immediate Reference	 		5
Electronic Supplements to and Versions of this Manual	 		5
Organization of this Manual	 		6
How Much Should You Investigate?	 		. 7
The Influence of Donald Mason	 		8
My Motives	 • •	•••	9
2. YOUR ART WORLD RECONNAISSANCE	 		. 10
What Is Art?	 		. 10
Art History in a Nutshell	 		. 12
Art Appraisal in a Nutshell (What Is It Worth?)	 		. 16
Today's Art World	 		. 18
The Art Theft Problem			
The Art Forgery Problem	 		. 33

PART II: THE VICTIM INTERVIEW

3. THE	VICTIM INTERVIEW: SUMMARY AND CRIME SCENE	
INV	ESTIGATION (WHERE AND HOW?)	37
4. THE	VICTIM INTERVIEW: WHEN AND WHY WAS THE ART	
STOI	LEN. FAKED OR ILLEGALLY HANDLED?	38
The '	Time Frame and Suspects Problem	38
The	Statute of Limitations Problem	38
	"Why" Question	
	AT WAS STOLEN OR FAKED: GENERAL TIPS ABOUT	
DES	CRIBING	41
Wha	t Objects to Expect from Victims	41
Incor	mplete Descriptions from Victims	42
The	Importance of Uniqueness	42
	Terminology	
Quar	ntities and Priorities of Stolen of Fake Objects	43

 6. WHAT WAS STOLEN OR FAKED: THE DESCRIPTIVE ELEMENTS OF COLLECTIBLES
7. WHAT WAS STOLEN OR FAKED: WHAT WAS STOLEN, WHAT WAS NOT STOLEN, AND WHY?59Figures 7-1a and 7-1b as Investigative Tools59Prior Knowledge: Figures 7-1a and 7-1b: Lots 4 and 1059Observability and Discoverability: Figure 7-1a Column 562Expertise: Column 7, Both Figures62Objects Disturbed: Column 9, Both Figures64Constructive Observability: Lot 664Observable Versus Attainable: Lot 964Thief's Failure to Act Logically65Unimportant Art: Lot 1465Large Group Descpitions: Lot 1565Figure 7-1a: Miscellaneous65
8. WHO DID IT? (AND ALSO HOW AND WHY?) (IDENTIFLYING AND DEVELOPING SUSPECTS)
9. VICTIM ASSISTANCE IN INVESTIGATIONS 70 Theft Investigations 70 Forgery Investigations 73
PART III: THE OFFENDERS
10. OFFENDERS OVERVIEW AND VICTIM/OFFENDERS
11. HOW ART THIEVES STEAL
12. METHODS OF ART FORGERS
13. THE SELLING METHODS AND BEHAVIOR OF STOLEN ART FENCES AND ART FORGERY DISTRIBUTORS 96 Direct and Indirect Selling 97 The Art Criminal's Conduct After the Theft or Forgery 98

xii

Contents

PART IV: SOLUTIONS AND RECOVERIES

Subpart IV-A: Overview and Initial Activity of Solutions and Recoveries

14. SOLUTIONS AND RECOVERIES-CHECKLISTS AND PRIORITIES Checklists 111 Investigative Priorities
15. BASIC LEGAL WEAPONS.114Types of Legal Weapons.114Antitheft Weapons.114Antiforgery Weapons.116Intellectual Property Laws.116
16. INSURANCE AND REWARDS.117Sources of Rewards.117The Importance of Rewards.118Rewards and the Law.119Time Sensitivity of Rewards.119The Administration of Reward Offers and Payments.120
Subpart IV-B: How to Investigate Using Your Stolen or Fake Objects
Introduction.123New Terminology.123Conclusion.124
17. THE USE OF EXPERTS AND CATALOGUES RAISONNES
18. UNIVERSAL AND VARIABLE CONTACT GROUP CLASSIFICATIONS The Purpose of Contacts, Contact Groups, Their Classifications, and Two Types of Classifications 131 List of Universal Contact Group Classifications 135 List of Variable Contact Group Classifications
19. OBJECT BULLETINS: THEIR STRUCTURE AND CONTENTS 158 Theories of Bulletin Structure and Contents
20. TRANSMISSION OF OBJECT BULLETINS TO SPECIFIC CONTACTS

To Whom, Why, How, and Then What?	170
The Recipients within the Contact Group Classifications	170
Why Transmit Extensively?	178
How to Transmit	181
After Transmitting	184

Subpart IV-C: Your Suspects

21. SPECIAL SUSPECT INTERVIEWING AND INVESTIGATIVE TIPS
BISR
Use of Object Bulletins for Suspects
Interviews of Suspects
22. DEVELOPMENT AND USE OF AN ART CRIMINAL PHOTO

~~.	DLVLLC	mu (
	ALBUM	 	 	 .198

Subpart IV-D: Informants and undercover work

23. ART CRIME INFORMANT DEVELOPMENT	
Why, Who, and Where?	
General Development and Maintenance Tactics	
Criminal and Legitimate Informants	
, and the second s	
24. UNDERCOVER METHODS	
Who Should Go Undercover?	
How Does Your Operative Go Undercover?	
What Happens Undercover?	

Subpart IV-E: Recovered and Found Objects

25. R	ECOVERY AND SEIZURE OF STOLEN OR FAKE ART
Tł	ne Distinction Between Recovery and Collection
Fo	our Methods of Recovery or Seizure in Art Crime Investigations221
26. U	NIDENTIFIED VICTIMS
Tł	nefts
	orgeries
27. Al	FTER RECEIVING COLLECTOR'S ITEMS AS EVIDENCE228
O	bject Handling
	caminations of the Object
	isposition of Recovered Objects
	ecovered Objects–Summary and Conclusion
Co	nclusion
Ap	pendix 1: Proof of Annual \$1.3 Billion Worldwide Art Theft Value237
Ap	pendix 2: Key to Sample Police Agencies - City Chart
	ossary: Proper Names
	ossary: Terminology
	bliography
	lex
1100	

ART THEFT AND FORGERY INVESTIGATION

chapter title

17