EVIDENCE-BASED INTERVENTIONS IN SOCIAL WORK

EVIDENCE-BASED INTERVENTIONS IN SOCIAL WORK

A Practitioner's Manual

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EVIDENCE-BASED INTERVENTIONS IN SOCIAL WORK

I. CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS

Chapter 1

EVIDENCE-BASED INTERVENTIONS IN SOCIAL WORK: A PRACTITIONER'S MANUAL

Evidence-Based Interventions in Social Work: A Practitioner's Manual Centers on the factorial complexity of planning interventions with ma-jor client groups. Monumental economic and political forces are re-shaping the way medical, mental health, and social services are delivered in the United States. Our roles as social workers in the evolving systems of care must address the critical questions that have been generated by the empirical practice research. These questions are: Who should deliver the intervention to whom, what intervention is the most effective with which clients, where and at what level should the intervention take place, when should the intervention occur, how long should the intervention continue; and how is behavior change maintained (relapse prevention, medication)? Short-term goals, longterm interventions, and short-term outcomes are detailed, as are longterm goals, long-term interventions, and long-term outcomes, and the interaction between these variables and medication (Long, Homesley & Wodarski, 2007).

WHO SHOULD DELIVER THE INTERVENTION AND TO WHOM?

Empirical research indicates a number of worker variables, such as social class, race, ethnicity, religion, age, sex, and verbal skills, related